

GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA

Curriculum Framework for Three-Year Undergraduate Program in Colleges and Universities of Karnataka State.



5th Semester Model Syllabus for BSc. In Zoology

Submitted to VICE CHAIRMAN

Karnataka State Higher Education Council 30, Prasanna Kumar Block, Bengaluru City University Campus, Bengaluru, Karnataka– 560009

COMPOSITION OF SUBJECT EXPERT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

SN	Name and Organization	Designati on
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3	Prof. Vijaykumar B Malashetty, Department of Zoology, VSK University, Ballari.9343011567,vijaymalashetty@gmail.com	Member
4	Prof. S. Basavarajappa, Mysore University, Mysuru.9449203241 E-mail:ornithoraj11@gmail.com	Member
5	Prof. Nagaraj, Department of Zoology, Kuvempu University, Shivamogga. 9620485338	Member
6	Prof. Kareemunnisa Syed, Nrupathunga University, Bengaluru 9964300 991 <u>kareemunnisa66@gmail.com</u>	Member
7	Prof .B.Vasanthkumar, Department of Zoology, Sir M V Govt. College, Bhadravathi, Shimoga	Member
8	Prof. B .K.Meera,Professor, Maharani Cluster University, Bengaluru (98 86409382)	Member
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10	Prof. Shankarappa S.Hatti,Govt. College, Dept. of Zoology, Sedam Road, Kalaburagi.9980391964	Member
11	Dr. Zeba Parveen Dept. of Zoology, Bi Bi Raza Women's Degree College, Kalaburagi. 9448092786	Member
12	Dr. Asiya Nuzhath F.B, Associate Professor ,Dept. of Zoology, Tumkur University,Tumakuru.9844029441	Member
13	Dr. Akshatha, Special Officer, KSHEC, Bengaluru. 9535487108	Member Convener

COMPOSITION OF BOS (U.G) MEMBERS, KUVEMPU UNIVERSITY

	CHAIRMAN
1.	Prof. Nagaraja, Department of Applied Zoology, Kuvempu University,
	Shankaraghatta
	INTERNAL MEMBERS
1.	Dr. Vasanthkumar B, Sir. M.V. Government Science College, Bhadravathi
2.	Dr. K.L. Naik, Sahyadri Science College Shivamogga.
3.	Smt. Arpitha Patil, Smt. Indira Gandhi First Grade Women's College,
	Sagara.
	EXTERNAL MEMBER
4.	Mahadevaswamy M., Professor, Department of Zoology, Yuvaraja's
	College, Mysore



Programe Name	B.Sc. Zoology	V Semester	
Course Title	Non-Chordates and Economic	c Zoology (Theory)	
Course Code:		No. of Credits	4
Contact hours	60 Hours	Duration of SEA/Exam	3 hours
Formative Asse	ssment Marks 40	Summative Assessment Marks	60

Course Pre-requisite(s):

Course Out comes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1. Group animals on the basis of their morphological characteristics/structures.

CO2.Demonstrate comprehensive identification abilities of Non Chordate

diversity

CO3.Explain structural and functional diversity of Non-Chordates

CO4.Develop understanding on the diversity of life with regard to protists, non chordates and chordates.

CO5.Examine the diversity and evolutionary history of a taxon through the construction of a basic phylogenetic/cladistics tree.

Content of Theory

Pedagogy: Lecturers, Seminars, Field Visits and Assignment.

Formative Assessment for Theory		
Assessment Occasion/type	Marks	
House Examination/ Test	20	
Written Assessment/ Presentation/ Project/Term Papers	10	
Classroom Performance/ Participation/Seminars	10	
Total	40Marks	
Formative Assessment as per NEP guide compulsory	lines are	

60Hrs

UNIT-I	
. Protozoa to Coelenterate	
• Protozoa - General characters and classification upto classes with examples;	
Paramoecium (Morphology and Reproduction)	
• Porifera- General Characters and classification upto classes with examples. Canal	
system in porifera (Ascon, Sycon, Leucon and Rhagon type)	
• Coelenterata – General characters and classification upto classes with examples;	15
Obelia (Structure, Life Cycle and Polymorphism in obelia)	HOURS
2.Ctenophora to Nematheiminthes	
• Ctenophora –Salient feature	
• Platyhelminthes - General characters and classification upto classes with examples;	
Taenia solium (Morphology and Reproduction); Parasitic adaptations in	
Platyhelminthes	
• Nemathelminthes - General characters and classification upto classes with	
examples; Ascaris lumbricoides (Morphology and Reproduction)	
UNIT-2	
3. Annelida	
• General characters and classification upto classes with examples; Hirudinaria granulosa	
(Morphology, Digestive system, Excretory system, Reproductive system and Parasitic	15
Adaptation)	15 HOURS
l.Arthropoda	
• Arthropoda– General Characters and classification upto classes with examples; <i>Palaemon</i>	
-	
(Prawn), (Morphology, appendages, nervous system and reproduction). A brief account on	
-	
(Prawn), (Morphology, appendages, nervous system and reproduction). A brief account on	
(Prawn), (Morphology, appendages, nervous system and reproduction). A brief account on metamorphism in insects.	15
(Prawn), (Morphology, appendages, nervous system and reproduction). A brief account on metamorphism in insects.	15 HOURS
(Prawn), (Morphology, appendages, nervous system and reproduction). A brief account on metamorphism in insects. UNIT-3 5. Mollusca and Echinodermata:	

Asterias (Star Fish) (Morphology and Water Vascular System) Larval forms of echinodermata (Bipinneria, Auricularia, ophioplatus)	
UNIT-4	
6. Economic Zoology: Vectors and Pests : Types of vectors, Life cycle and their control of following pests: Gundhi Bug, Termites and Mosquitoes (Anopheles), Ticks, Mites and their control.	
 7. Economic Zoology: Apiculture, Poultry, Aquaculture, Vermiculture and Sericulture, Apiculture: General Introduction, Different species of Honey Bee, Honey Bee morphology, Modern method of Bee Keeping, Economic Importance of honey, wax and Chemical composition of Honey. Poultry: General Introduction, Poultry breeds, Poultry diseases (Viral, Bacterial and Protozoan), Symptoms, Remedies and their control. Aquaculture: General Introduction, A Brief account on Inland fisheries – Induced Breeding of major Carps, Fish rearing techniques. Vermiculture: General Introduction, Types of Earthworm, preparation of Compost and its importance. Sericulture: General Introduction, Life cycle of <i>Bombyx mori</i>, Silkworm rearing, Silkworm diseases and Economic Importance of Sericulture. 	15 HOURS

Re	eferences
1	Barnes, R.S.K.; Calow, P.; Olive, P.J.W.; Golding, D.W.; Spicer, J.I. (2002) The Invertebrates: Synthesis, Black well Publishing.
2	Hickman, C.;Roberts, L.S.; Keen,S.L.; Larson, A. and Eisenhour,D.(2018) Animal Diversity, McGraw-Hill.
3	Holland, P.(2011)The Animal Kingdom: A Very Short Introduction, Oxford University Press.
4	Kardong,K.V.(2006)Vertebrates: Comparative Anatomy, Function, Evolution (4thedition),McGraw-Hill.
5	Barrington, E.J.W.(1979) Invertebrate Structure and Functions. II Edition. E.L.B.S. and Nelson.
6	Boradale, L.A. and Potts, E.A.(1961)Invertebrates: A Manual for the use of Students. Asia Publishing Home.
7	Bushbaum, R. (1964) Animals without Backbones. University of Chicago Press.

Model Curriculum

	Non-Chordates and Economic Zoology (Practical)	Practical Credits	2
Course Code		Contact Hours	
formative Assessment	25 Marks	Summative Assessment	25 Marks
course Pre-requisite(s):			
Course Outcomes (CO	s):		
At the end of the cours	e the student should be able to:		
1. Understand bas	sics of classification of non-chordat	es.	
2. Learn the diver	rsity of habit and habitat of the spe	cies.	
3. Develop the sk	ills to identify different classes and	d species of animals.	
4. Know uniquen	ess of a particular animal and its in	nportance	
Assessment Occasio	n / type	Marks	
Test		10	
Class Record			
		10	
Attendance		10 5	
Attendance Total			ĩS
Total	nt as per NEP guidelines are	5	[S
Total Formative Assessme	nt as per NEP guidelines are Practical Content	5	<u>ς</u> s
Total Formative Assessme compulsory		5 25 Mark	<u></u>

3. **Porifera:** Systematics of *Sycon, Euplectella, Hyalonema, Spongilla* and *Euspongia* (Specimens). Study of permanent slides of T.S of *Sycon*, spicules and gemmules.

4. **Cnidaria:** Systematics of *Aurelia* and *Metridium* (Specimens). Slides of *Hydra*, *Obelia*-polyp and medusa, and *Ephyra* larva, T.S. of *Metridium* passing through mesenteries.

5. **Study of Corals** - *Astraea, Fungia, Meandrina, Corallium, Gorgonia, Millepora* and *Pennatula*.

6. Helminthes: Systematics of *Planaria*, *Fasciola hepatica* and *Taenia solium*, Ascaris-Male and female (Specimens). Slides of T.S. of *Planaria*, T.S of male and female Ascaris.

7. **Annelida:** Systematics of *Nereis, Sabella, Aphrodite* and Leech (Specimens) Slide of T.S. of Earthworm through typhlosole.

8. Arthropoda: Systematics of *Panaeus, Palaemon, Astracus,* Scorpion, Spider, *Limulus, Peripatus, Millipede, Centipede,* Praying mantis, Termite Queen, Moth, Butterfly, Dung beetle / Rhinocerous beetle (Any six specimens). Slide of Larvae-Nauplius, Zoea and Mysis.

9. **Mollusca:** Systematics of *Chiton, Mytilus, Aplysia, Pila, Octopus, Sepia* (Specimens) and Glochidium larva (Slide).

10. **Shell Pattern**-*Unio*, *Ostrea*, *Cypria*, *Murex*, *Nautilus*, *Patella*, *Dentalium*, Cuttlebone. (Any four)

11. Echinodermata: Systematics of Seastar, Brittlestar, Sea Urchin, Sea cucumber, Sea lilly (Specimens). Slides of Bipinnaria larva, Echinopluteus larva and Pedicellaria.

12. **Harmful Non chordates:** Soil Nematodes. Agricultural, veterinary pests of Arthropoda and Human pest of Arachnida.

13. Beneficial Non-chordates:

• Sericulture: Lifecycle of *Bombyx mori*, Cocoons, Mulberry and Non- Mulberry silkworms.

• Apiculture: Any 2 Species of honeybee.

14. Virtual Dissection/Cultured specimens:

Cockroach – Mouth Parts, Salivary Gland, Digestive System and Reproductive system

Earthworm – Nervous system, Digestive System, Setae, Nephridia

- Prawn Appendage, Nervous System
- Silkworm Silk Gland

15. Educational tour with report is compulsory.

STUDY TOUR: A study tour accompanied by teachers should be arranged during V Semester for on-the-spot study of Apiculture farm/ Poultry/ Sericulture rearing center/ Fisheries/ Sanctuaries/ National Parks and Seashores. Submission of the tour report by each student is compulsory and the report may be treated as one practical unit and it should be valued as part of practical record. Actual T.A and D.A for accompanying staff should be borne by the college from development funds or other heads.



Model Curriculum

Program Name	B.Sc. Zoology	Semester	V
Course Title	Chordates and Comparative Anatomy (Theory)		eory)
Course Code:		No. of Credits	4
Contact hours	60 Hours	Duration of SEA/Exam	2 hours
Formative Assessment Marks	40	Summative Assessment Marks	60

Course Pre-requisite(s):

Course Outcomes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1.To demonstrate comprehensive identification abilities of chordate diversity CO2. Able

to explain structural and functional diversity of chordate diversity CO3. To understand

evolutionary relationship amongst chordates

CO4.To take up research in biological sciences.

CO5. To realize that very similar physiological mechanisms are used in very diverse organisms.

CO6.To Get a flavor of research by working on project besides improving their writing skills. It will further enable the students to think and interpret individually.

Formative Assessment for Theory		
Assessment Occasion/type	Marks	
House Examination/ Test	20	
Written Assessment/ Presentation/ Project/Term Papers	10	
Classroom Performance/ Participation/Seminars	10	
Total	40Marks	
Formative Assessment as per Na compulsory	EP guidelines are	

Contents	60Hrs
UNIT 1	
1. Chordates: Distinctive characters and outline classification upto classes with	
examples.	
2. Hemichordata: Salient features; Type Study of <i>Balanoglossus</i> (Morphology; Coelom). Tornaria larva and its affinities.	
3. Urochordata: Salient features; Type Study of <i>Herdmania</i> -Morphology; Ascidian Tadpole larva- structure and retrogressive metamorphosis.	
4. Cephalochordata: Salient features; Type Study of <i>Branchiostoma (Amphioxus)</i> , (Morphology, Digestive system, Feeding mechanism and excretory system).	15 HOURS
5. Agnatha : Salient features of Agnatha and classification upto classes; Salient features of Cyclostomata and Ostracodermi with examples; Ammocoete larva and its significance.	
UNIT-2	
6.Vertebrates:	
• General characters and Classification of different classes of vertebrates	
(Pisces, Amphibia, Reptilia, Aves, Mammalia) upto the order with five	
characters for each order citing examples.Comparative Account of Chondrichthyes and Osteichthyes.	15
 Unique features and evolutionary significance of Dipnoi; Salient features of 	HOURS
Placodermi with examples.	
• Unique features of <i>Sphenodon</i> , crocodile and <i>Archaeopteryx;</i> Salient	
features of Ratitae and Carinatae with examples.	
• Unique features of mammalian orders (Insectivora, Carnivora, Chiroptera,	
Cetacea, Proboscidia, Ungulata-Perissodactyla and Artiodactyla, and	
Primates–Platyrhini and Catarhini) with examples.	

UNIT-3	
7. General account of Chordates:	
Types of caudal fins, scales and accessory respiratory organs.Neoteny and Paedogenesis.	15 HOURS
• Temporal fossae in reptiles; Poison apparatus and biting mechanism in snakes and First aid Treatment	
• Parental care in Pisces (Hippocampus, Bettasplendens) and Amphibians (Ichthyophis and Rhacophorus).	
 Flight adaptations in birds. Dentition in mammals and Dental formula of Rabbit, Cow, Dog and Man. Migration in Pisces- Catadromous and Anadromous Migration. Migration in Birds- Types and Causes of Bird Migration. 	
UNIT-4	
Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates:	
8. Evolution of Aortic arches in Vertebrates- Comparative account on Pisces, Amphibia, Reptilia, Aves and Mammalia.	
9. Evolution of heart in Vertebrates - Comparative account on Pisces(Shark), Amphibia(frog), Reptilia(lizard), Aves(pigeon) and Mammalia(Man).	15 HOURS
10. Nervous System- Evolution of Brain in Vertebrates - Comparative account on fish, frog, Calotes, Pigeon and Rabbit.	
11. Urinogenital System - Evolution of Kidney in Vertebrates- Comparative account on Pronephrous, mesonephrous and metanephrous kidney.	

Refe	rences
1	Colbert <i>et al</i> : Colbert's Evolution of the Vertebrates: A history of the back boned animals through time. (5 th ed 2002, Wiley–Liss).
2	Hildebrand: Analysis of vertebrate Structure (4 th ed1995, John Wiley)
3	Kenneth V. Kardong (2015) vertebrates: Comparative Anatomy, Function, Evolution McGraw Hill
4	Mc Farland <i>et al.</i> , :Vertebrate Life(1979, Macmillan publishing)
5	Parker and Haswell : Text Book of Zoology, Vol. II(1978,ELBS)
6	Romer and Parsons : The Vertebrate Body(6 th ed 1986, CBS Publishing Japan)
7	Young: The Life of vertebrates(3 rd ed 2006,ELBS/Oxford)
8	Weichert C.K. and William Presch (1970). Elements of Chordate Anatomy, Tata McGraw Hills



Model Curriculum

Course Title	Chordates and Comparative Anatomy (Practical)	Practical Credits	2
Course Code		Contact Hours	
Formative Assessment	25 Marks	Summative Assessment	25 Marks

Formative Assessment for Practical				
Assessment Occasion / type	Marks			
Test	10			
Class Record	10			
Attendance	5			
Total	25 Marks			
Formative Assessment as per NEP guidelines are compulsory				

1. Protochordata:

[13 UNITS]

Balanoglossus and its T. S. through proboscis, Ascidian/*Herdmania* and *Amphioxus*, T.S. of *Amphioxus* through pharynx and intestine.

2. Cyclostomata: -Petromyzon, Ammocoete larva and Myxine.

PISCES:

3. Cartilaginous Fishes – Narcine, Trygon, Pristis, Myolobaties

4. Bony Fishes–Zebrafish, Hippocampus, Muraena, Ostracion, Tetradon, Pleuronectus, Diodon, Echeneis. (Any Six) – (Locally available).

5. Ornamental fishes: Siamese, Koi, Oscar, Betta Sp., Neon tetra, Guppies, Goldfish, Angle fish, Rainbow fish, Mollies (Locally available any four aquarium fishes).

6. Accessory respiratory organs – Sacco branchus, Clarias and Anabas.

7. Amphibia: Rana, Bufo, Ambystoma, Axolotllarva, Necturus and Ichthyophis.

8. Reptilia: Turtle, Tortoise, *Mabuya, Calotes*, Chameleon, *Varanus*. snakes–Dryophis, Rat snake, Brahmini, Cobra, Krait, Russell's viper and Hydrophis (Any Four)

9. Aves: Beak and feet modifications in the following examples: Duck, Crow, Sparrow, Parrot, Kingfisher, Eagle or Hawk. (Any four)

10. Mammalia: Mongoose, Squirrel, Pangolin, Hedge Hog, Rat and Loris. (Any four)

11. Virtual Dissection/Cultured specimens:

Shark/Bony fish: Afferent and efferent branchial systems, Mounting of Scales

(Placoid, Ctenoid and Cycloid)

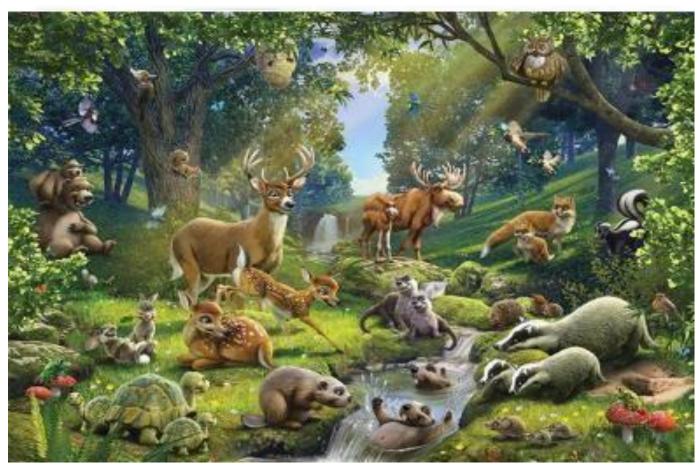
12. Virtual Dissection/Cultured specimens:

Rat: Dissection (only demonstration)– Circulatory system (arterial and venous), Urinogenital system.

13- Skeletal System in Man/Rabbit: Skull, vertebrae, girdles and limb bones (Except hands and feet).



Curriculum Framework for Three-Year Undergraduate Program in Colleges and Universities of Karnataka State.



Model Syllabus for 6th Semester Submitted to Vice-Chairman Karnataka State Higher Educational Council 30, Prasanna Kumar, Bangalore City University Campus, Bangalore, Karnataka- 560009



Model Curriculum

Program Name	B.Sc. Zoology			Semester	VI
Course Title	Evolutionary	& Developmental I	Biolog	y (Theory)	
Course Code:			No. of Credits		4
Contact hours	60 Hours		Duration of SEA/Exam		3 hours
Formative Assessment Marks		40	Sumn	native Assessment Marks	60

Course Pre-requisite(s):

Course Outcomes(COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Understand that by biological evolution we mean that many of the organisms that inhabit the earth today are different from those that inhabited it in the past.
- Understand that natural selection is one of several processes that can bring about evolution, although it can also promote stability rather than change.
- Understand how the single cell formed at fertilization forms an embryo and then a full adult organism.
- Integrate genetics, molecular biology, biochemistry, cell biology, anatomy and physiology during embryonic development.
- Understand a variety of interacting processes, which generate an organism's heterogeneous shapes, size, and structural features.
- Understand how a cell behaves in response to an autonomous determinant or an external signal, and the scientific reasoning exhibited in experimental life science.

Marks
20
10
10
40Marks
-

Formative Assessment as per NEP guidelines are compulsory

Pedagogy: Lecturers, Seminars, Field Visits and Assignment.

Theory Contents	60Hrs
Unit-I	
. Theories of Evolution:	
• Origin of Life, Historical review of evolutionary concept.	
• Lamarckism, Darwinism (Natural, Sexual and Artificial selection).	
• Modern synthetic theory of evolution (Gene pool, Gene flow, Gene Mutation, Variation,	
Heredity, Natural Selection and Isolation)	
• Adaptive radiations: Patterns of evolution (Divergence, Convergence, Parallel, Co- evolution)	
2. Population Genetics:	
• Micro evolution and Macro evolution: allele frequencies, genotype frequencies.	
• Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium and conditions for its maintenance.	
• Forces of evolution: mutation, selection, genetic drift	
Unit-II	
3. Evidences of Evolution:	
• Evidences from Comparative Morphology, Anatomy, Embryology and Biochemistry.	
• Types of fossils , Incompleteness of fossil record, Dating of Fossils.	
• Origin and evolution of horse and Man	
. Species Concept and Extinction:	
• Biological species concept (Advantages and Limitations).	
• Modes of speciation (Allopatric, Sympatric) Pre and post Zygotic Isolation Mechanism.	
• Mass extinction (Causes, Names of five major extinctions).	
Unit-III	
5.Gamete Fertilization and Early Development:	
Gametogenesis (Spermatogenesis, Spermiogenesis and Oogenesis in Mammals).	
Differences between Spermatogenesis and Oogenesis.	
• Fertilization (Types, Mechanism and significance). Monospermy and Polyspermy.	
• Early Development of Frog (Structure of Egg, Cleavage, Blastula, Fate Map of Blastula and	
Gastrulation).	
• Early Development of chick: Structure of Hen's Egg, Blastula, Gastrulation, Origin of Primitive streak	
	Page

• Development, Structure and function of Yolk sac, Amnion, Chorion and Allantois.

6. Developmental Genetics:

- General concepts of organogenesis,
- Introduction to genetic basis of Embryonic development and Developmental control genes (Homeobox genes) in Drosophila.

Unit-IV

7. Early Vertebrate Development:

Metamorphosis, regeneration, Early development of mammals including placentation

Environmental regulation of development

8.Late Developmental Processes:

- Development of eye, kidney, limb in amphibian.
- Mammalian Female reproductive cycles estrous cycle and menstrual cycle in mammals.
- Aging: the biology of senescence

References

NCI	
1	Ridley, M(2004) Evolution (3 rd edition) Blackwell Publishing
2	Hall, B.K. and Hallgrimson, B(2008)Evolution(4 th edition)Jones and Barlett Publishers
3	Barton, N.H., Briggs, D.E.G., Eisen, J.A., Goldstein, D.B. and Patel, N.H. (2007). Evolution. Cold Spring, Harbour Laboratory Press.
4	Campbell, N.A. and Reece J.B. (2011). Biology. IX Edition, Pearson, Benjamin, Cummings.
5	Douglas, J. Futuyma (1997). Evolutionary Biology. Sinauer Associates.
6	Developmental Biology: T. Subramaniam, (Reprint), Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
7	Developmental biology: Werner A. Müller, Springer Science & amp; Business Media. (2012).
8	Human Embryology and Developmental Biology E-Book: Bruce M. Carlson, Elsevier Health Sciences.
9	Developmental Biology: Michael J.F. Barresi, Scott F. Gilbert, Oxford University Press.(2019).



Model Curriculum

Course Tit	le	Evolut	tionary& Developmental B	iology (<mark>Pract</mark>	ical)	Practical Credits	2	
Course Co	de					Contact Hours	4 Hours	
Formative	Formative Assessment 25 Mar		25 Marks	Summ	ative A	ssessment	25 Marks	
			Formative Asse	ssment for P	ractical			
	Asses	sment	Occasion / type			Marks		
	Test					10		
	Class	Record	1			10		
	Atten	dance				5		
	Tota	[25 Marks		
		ative A ulsory	Assessment as per NEP guid	elines are				
			Practi Conte					
1. Stud	y of fo	ssils fro	om models / pictures (Cast an	nd Moulds).				
2. Stud	y of Ho	omolog	us, Analogus and Vestigial of	organs from su	iitable s	pecimens		
3. Stud	y and v	verificat	tion of Hardy-Weinberg Lav	v by chi squar	e analys	is. (Any three prob	olems)	
4. Туре	es of eg	gs base	ed on quantity and distribution	on of yolk: Sea	a urchin	, insect, frog, Chicl	k.	
5 .Stud	ly of A	quatic,	arboreal and Volant adaptati	ons examples	: Shark,	Turtle, cammalion,	loris, Bat,	
		Broco						
	•	-	nent of Chick Embryo at Va Window Technique Method	-	f Incuba	ation in-Vivo by m	aking a Windo)W
7. Frog Neu	•	ology-	Early Cleavage Stages (2 ce	lled,4 celled,	8 celled	, 16 celled),Blastul	a, Gastrula and	1
			y- Study and development of ours of Incubation Period emb		ne help o	of Whole Mount –	Primitive strea	ık,
			radiations in feet of birds an		of inse	cts.		
10. Stu	dy of I	Dinosau	rs – Trynosaurs, Brontosaur	us, Pterosaurs	and Ich	thyosaurs		



Model Curriculum

Program Name	B.Sc. Zoology		Seme	ester	VI
Course Title	Environmenta	l Biology, Wildlife	Managem	ent & Conservations (T	'heory)
Course Code:			No. of Crec	lits	4
Contact hours	60Hours		Duration of	f SEA/Exam	Hours
Formative Assessment Marks		40	Summative	Assessment Marks	60

Course Pre-requisite(s):

Course Outcomes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1.Develop an understanding of how animals interact with each other and their natural environment.

CO2.Developthe ability to use the fundamental principles of wildlife ecology to solve local, regional and National conservation and management issues.

CO3.Develop the ability to work collaborative team-based projects.

CO4.Gain an appreciation for the modern scope of scientific inquiry in the field of wildlife conservation management.

CO5.Develop an ability to analyze, present and interpret wildlife conservation Management information.

Formative Assessment for Theory					
Assessment Occasion/type	Marks				
House Examination/ Test	20				
Written Assessment/ Presentation/ Project/Term Papers	10				
Classroom Performance/ Participation/Seminars	10				
Total	40Marks				

Formative Assessment as per NEP guidelines are compulsory

Contents	60Hrs
Unit-I	15
Ecology: Introduction to ecology, Definition, ecosystem, types of ecosystem, food chair and food web, trophic levels.	
nvironment: Definition, types of environment, terrestrial, aquatic, desert, grassland and aerial environment.	
Invironmental Biology: Adaptive features of animals to different Environmental factors (Temperature, light, salinity, altitude). Ecological factors, weather, climate, ozone layer.	
Unit-II	15
 Definition, types of pollutants, air, soil, water and thermal pollution, ozone layer depletion, Green house effect. biomagnifications, bio accumulation and bioremediation. Effects of pollution on plants and animals. 	
Unit-III	15
Wildlife Management : Importance and Values of wildlife (IUCN) – Wildlife categories Endangered, Threatened, Vulnerable, Rare, Red data Book, Causes and depletion of wildlife (Direct, Indirect destruction), Inventory and classification of wetlands and their biotic components, RAMSAR convention. General strategies and issues, concept of home range, wildlife corridors and territory, animal census, tracing movement and remote sensing and GIS.	
Unit-IV	15
Wildlife Conservation: Conservation strategies - Ex-situ and in-situ conservation (Bio-reservoirs, National parks, Wild life sanctuaries), Ex-situ (Zoo, Captive breeding, Cryopreservation) biosphere reserve. Project tiger. Project Elephant. Habitat preservation, breeding in captivity. Wildlife Protection Act - 1972	

Refer	rences
1	Colinvaux, P. A. (1993) Ecology (2 nd edition) Wiley, John and Sons, Inc.
2	Krebs, C.J. (2001) Ecology (6 th edition) Benjamin Cummings.
3	Odum, E.P., (2008) Fundamentals of Ecology. Indian Edition. Brooks/Cole. (3 rd Edition) Blackwell Sci.
4	Kendeigh, FC.(1984) Ecology with Special Reference to Animal and Man. Prentice Hall Inc.
5	Caughley, G. and Sinclair, A. R. E. (1994) Wildlife Ecology and Management. Blackwell Science.
6	Woodroffe, R., Thirgood, S. and Rabino witz, A. (2005) People and Wildlife, Conflict Or Co-existence? Cambridge University.
7	Bookhout, T.A.(1996) Research and Management Techniques for Wildlife and Habitats(5 th edition)The Wildlife Society, Allen Press.
8	Sutherland, W.J.(2000)The Conservation Handbook: Research, Management and Policy. Blackwell Sciences
	Hunter M.L., Gibbs, J.B. and Sterling, E.J.(2008)Problem solving in Conservation Biology and Wildlife Management: Exercises for Class, Field, and Laboratory. Blackwell Publishing

		Environmental Biology, Wildlife Management& Conservation (<mark>Practicals</mark>)		& Practical Credits	2
Course C	ode			Contact Hours	4Hours
Formative Assessment		ent	25Marks	Summative Assessment	25Marks
			Formative Assessment for Pr	ractical	
	Assessment Occasion / type			Marks	
	Test			10	
	Class Record			10	
	Attendance			5	
	Total			25 Marks	
	Forma comput		ssessment as per NEP guidelines are		
			Practical Content		
			rameters assessment: Collection of w (CO2), chlorides, Hardness and salinity		Oxygen(O2),
2. An	alysis of	phys	ico-chemical parameters of soil: pH,	soil moisture, soil tempe	erature,
3. De	eterminat	ion o	f organic matter in soil sample		
E		ns. Co	d lakes: Collection and identification oblection, preservation and estimation o		
5. D		ge Fi	of field equipment's used in wildlife cen nders, Global Positioning System, Vari		
sc	11505.(Ulla				
sc le 6. Ic	lentificat		vild animals: Wild animal's pugmarks, tration of field techniques for wild flor	· · · ·	U 1 '
sc le 6. Ic ar	lentificat	mons	1 0	a and fauna.(Charts/pict	0 1